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Assignment title: (Artikel Fadilla)PERAWATAN PADA ..
Submission title: PERAWATAN PADA KLIEN DIABET..
File name: ARTIKEL_DILA_1_1.docx
File size: 74.54K
Page count: 10
Word count: 3,843
Character count: 23,113
Submission date: 02-Sep-2020 02:18PM (UTC+0700)
Submission ID: 1378106248

**PERAWATAN PADA KLIEN DIABETES MELLITUS TIPE 2 DENGAN MASALAH
KETIDAKEFEKTIFAN PERFUSI JARINGAN PERIFER MENGGUNAKAN
PENDEKATAN FAMILY CENTERED CARE**

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ABSTRAK

Pendahuluan : Penunman suplai oksigen serta nutrisi pada penderita Diabetes Mellitus mengakibatkan pembuluh darah kapiler mengalami kerusakan, berlebuhnya kadar gula dalam darah mempegangmbi kerja sel yang melepas O₂ dan menyebabkan hipoksia pada jaringan perifer sehingga memicu munculnya masalah ketidakefektifan perfusi jaringan perifer. Tujuan di lakukan peditan ialah untuk implementasi asuhan keperawatan pada klien Diabetes Mellitus dengan masalah ketidakefektifan perfusi jaringan perifer. **Metode :** Penelitian ini menggunakan metode deskriptif dengan desain penelitian *comparative study* dengan 2 klien diabetes mellitus yang memiliki masalah ketidakefektifan perfusi jaringan perifer dengan kriteria klien GCS 4-5-6 , Klien perempuan, Kooperatif. **Hasil :** dari studi kasus yang telah di lakukan selama 3 hari pada di dapatkan bahwa klien mengalami masalah ketidakefektifan perfusi jaringan perifer berhubungan dengan penurunan darah ke perifer. Setelah di lakukan asuhan keperawatan di dapatkan masalah keperawatan klien sebagian teratasi dengan keluhan pada klien berkurang dan kadar gula darah dalam rentang normal dengan pemantauan setiap hari. **Saran :** Kesimpulan dari kasus pada Ny.X dan Ny.Y ialah masalah keperawatan dapat teratasi sesuai harapan dengan perawatan teratur. Saran yang dapat di berikan ialah agar keluarga menjadi motivator pendukung untuk kesehatan klien dan dapat menjaga pola hidup sehat secara bersama-sama.

Kata Kunci : Diabetes, Jaringan Perifer, Family Centered Care

**TREATMENT IN CLIENTS OF DIABETES MELLITUS TYPE 2 WITH THE
INFECTIVE PROBLEMS OF PERIFER NETWORK PERFUSION
USIANG A FAMILY CENTERED CARE APPROACH IN BANGIL HOSPITAL**

ABSTRACT

Introduction: Decreased supply of oxygen and nutrients in people with Diabetes Mellitus results in damage to capillaries, excess blood sugar levels affect the work of cells that release O₂ and cause hypoxia in the peripheral tissues, leading to the problem of ineffective peripheral tissue perfusion. The aim of this research is to implement nursing care for Diabetes Mellitus clients with ineffective peripheral tissue perfusion problems. **Methods:** This study used a descriptive method with a comparative study design with 2 diabetes mellitus clients who had ineffective peripheral tissue perfusion problems with the criteria of GCS 4-5-6 clients, female clients, cooperative. **Results:** from a case study that has been conducted for 3 days, it was found that the client experienced problems with ineffective peripheral tissue perfusion associated with decreased blood to the periphery. After nursing care, the client's nursing problem is partially resolved with complaints to the client being reduced and blood sugar levels within the normal range with daily monitoring. **Suggestion:** The conclusion of the cases in Mrs. X and Mrs. Y is that nursing problems can be resolved as expected with regular care. Suggestions that can be given are for the family to become a supporting motivator for client health and be able to maintain a healthy lifestyle together.