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GAMBARAN DAYA HAMBAT EKSTRAK KETUMBAR ($Coriandrum\ sativum\ L.$) TERHADAP PERTUMBUHAN JAMUR $Candida\ albicans$

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ABSTRAK

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Pendahuluan Antifungi memiliki kemampuan menghambat jamur (fungistalik) atau membunuh jamur (fungistalik). Di indonesia terdapat berbagai macam jenis tanaman herbal. Salah satu pengganti antifungi alami yang digunakan pada penelitian ini yaite ekstrak ketumbar (Coriondrum satiwan L.) Jimana ketumbar kermandara sebagai antifungi. Rilam langsung menimbulkan peningkatan konsumsi antifungi. Penggunaan obat antifungi Inlam Jangsung, serta banyaknya resistensi obat hansi ditanggalingi dengan mercari alematif pilihan yang dapat menimimalisir atau membunuh pertumbuhan jamur satah satunya bersumber dari tamaman yaitu ekstrak ketumbar. Penelitian in bertujuan untuk mengetahui daya hambat ekstrak ketumbar terhadap pertumbuhan jamur Candida alikcoras. Metode penelitian Metode yang digunakan dalam penelitian in akalah Deskeptif dengan populasi ketumbar yang memenuh ketreta inklusi ekstiksi dengan cara maserasi. Penelitian ini elitipata mulang penelitian ini celitiga, tubulading, codolig, Konocarrasi sektrak ketumbar penelitian ini celitiga, tubulading, codolig, Konocarrasi sektrak ketumbar qili gunakan 10%, 59%, dan 100%, Hasil penelitian ini celitiga, tubulading, codolig, Konocarrasi sektrak ketumbar qili gunakan 10%, 59%, dan lumbat seksar 7 mm. Kesimpulan konocarrasi (ekstrak ketumbar mengaliani perhedaan zona hambat. Dirana semakin tinggi konocarrasi ekstrak ketumbar mengaliani perhedaan zona hambat. Dirana semakin tinggi konocarrasi ekstrak ketumbar mengaliani perhedaan zona hambat. Dirana semakin tinggi konocarrasi ekstrak ketumbar mengaliani perhedaan zona hambat. Dirana semakin tinggi konocarrasi ekstrak ketumbar mengaliani perhedaan zona hambat. Dirana semakin tinggi konocarrasi ekstrak ketumbar mengaliani perhedaan zona hambat. Cariandrum santwan L. Jedapa mendela laine.

Kata kunci: Antifungi, Ekstrak Ketumbar (Coriandrum sativum L.), Candida albicans

OVERVIEW OF THE CONDUCTION OF KETUMBAR EXTRACT andrum sativum L.) ON THE GROWTH OF MUSHROOMS Candida albican:

Introduction Antifungi have the ability to inhibit fungi (fungionlist) or kill fungi (fungionlist) or kill fungi (fungionlist). In Indonesia there are various types of herbal plants. One of the natural antifungal substitutes used in this study is confante (Cordinardum antifuna Levatrud. Where coriander is useful as an antifungal. The tropical climate facilitates the growth of both puloogenic and non-puloogenic fungi, which indrectly leads to increased communition of anti-fungi. The use of anti-fungil drugs is expensive, and the number of drug resistance must be overcome by finding alternative options that can minimize or kill fungil growth, one of inhibition power of coriander extract against the growth of Candida albients fungil Research method The method was of inhibition power of coriander extract against the growth of Candida albients fungil Research the Candida albients of the contract used were 10%, 50%, and