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MANAGEMENT SELF CARE PADA ANAK RETARDASI MENTAL

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ABSTRAK

Pendahuluan-Kemandirian anak retardasi mental merupakan keseimbangan antara mewawat diri dan kemampuan untuk mengurus kebutuhan dasar dirinya sendiri, dan mereka seringkali memerlukan bantuan dan pengawas. Keterbatasan dalam perkembangan fungsiotial menyebabkan penderita retardasi mental memiliki ketergantungan terhadap orang-orang disekitarnya untuk memenuhi kebutuhan dasar segala hal. Tujuan Penelitian: Untuk mengetahui tentang manajemen self care pada anak dengan retardasi mental. Metode: Literatur Review ini menggunakan pencarian dari探quest, pubmed, google scholar N=75. Seleksi jurnal 5 tahun terakhir N= 50, seleksi judul dan duplikat N=25, exclude (n=25) problem/populasi tidak sesuai dengan topik (n=3), intervention/takter penyebab (n=8), outcome tidak ada hubungan self care pada anak retardasi mental(n=3), study design systematic review (n=3), literatur review yang tidak relevan N=10, abstract identification N=18, excluded (n=8), counseling is carried out by self care for mentally retarded children (n = 5), with an analysable journal N = 10. Conclusion: The results of the study used a Literature Review. Self-management is the most effective in the Literature Review is psychoeducation, family psychoeducation is considered effective in

SELF CARE MANAGEMENT IN MENTAL RETARDED CHILDREN

ABSTRACT

Introduction: The independence of mentally retarded children is a balance between taking care of their own needs and the ability to meet the needs of other people's needs, and they need help and supervision. Limitations in functional development of mentally retarded children suffer from dependence on people around them to help in almost every way. Purpose: To analyze self-care management in mentally retarded children. Methods: Literature Review uses search from探quest, pubmed, google scholar N = 75, selection of journals for the last 5 years N = 50, selection of titles and duplicates N = 25, exclude (n = 25) the problem / population does not match the topic (n = 3), intervention / treatment (n = 8), outcome does not have a relationship with self care (n = 3), study design systematic review (n = 3), literature review (n = 3), abstract identification N = 18, excluded (n=8), counseling is carried out by self care for mentally retarded children (n = 5), with an analysable journal N = 10. Conclusion: The results of the study used a Literature Review. Self-management is the most effective in the Literature Review is psychoeducation, family psychoeducation is considered effective in